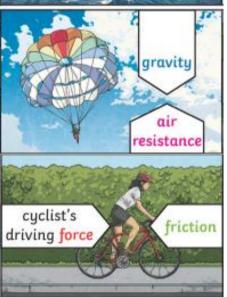
## Physics

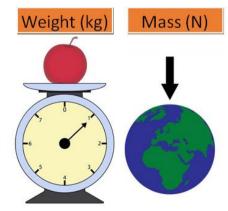
Key vocabulary	
gravity	an invisible, non-contact, pulling
	force caused by the earth's mass
weight	the measure of the force of
	gravity on an object
	(kg - kilograms)
mass	a measure of how much matter
	(stuff) an object contains
	(n - newtons)
upthrust	a force that pushes objects up,
•	usually in water
m ati an	amosthing that is maring is in
motion	something that is moving is in
	motion
pivot	the central point, pin, or shaft on
	which a mechanism turns or
	moves back and forth

## Key knowledge

- A force causes an object to start moving, stop moving, speed up, slow down or change direction.
- Everything is pulled to the earth by **gravity**. This causes unsupported objects to fall.
- Water resistance and air resistance are forms of friction pushing against any moving object.
- If an object floats on water it is buoyant. This is because the **weight** is equal to the **upthrust**.
- A mechanism is a simple machine that allows a small force to be increased to a larger force giving it a greater movement.
- Pulleys, levers and gears are all mechanisms.
- Pulley's can be used to make a small force lift a heavier load.
- Gears can be used to change the direction, speed or force of a motion.
- Gears, when connected, always turn in the opposite direction to each other.
- Levers, which always rest on a **pivot**, can be used to make a small force lift a heavier load.









We are building our knowledge from Forces and Magnets (Year 3)