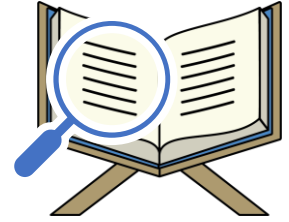


How do Muslims express their beliefs in their daily lives? (1)



Islamic diversity



- Some Islamic diversity comes from different family traditions and culture in different parts of the world, or in different communities.
- Some Islamic diversity is because of interpretation of the words of the Qur'an.
- **Ijtihad** is the struggle to understand the meaning of the Qur'an in today's world.

Wearing the Hijab

The Qur'an teaches modesty in dress. Muslim women interpret modesty in different ways.

Some Muslim women believe modesty means they should cover everything but their hands and faces when they are outside their home.



Some Muslim women only cover their hair when in the mosque or at prayer.

Many Muslim women try to ensure their head is covered in public.



Wearing a hijab has significance to some Muslim women, such as Olympic fencer **Ibtihaj Muhammad**.

Wearing a hijab can be inspiring and challenging in Britain today.

Tawhid

- The Qur'an teaches Muslims about the **Oneness of God (Tawhid)**.
- Tawhid is expressed in the words of the call to prayer (Adhan) and whispered in a new baby's ear.

Key Vocabulary

- **Adhan**: Islamic call to prayer
- **Allah**: Arabic word for God
- **diversity**: a range of different things
- **hijab**: head covering worn in public by some Muslim women
- **modesty**: not dressing or acting in a way that attracts attention
- **monotheism**: belief in one God
- **mosque**: Islamic place of worship
- **Qur'an**: the Islamic Holy book believed to contain the words of Allah

